Category

Metal-Catalyzed Asymmetric Synthesis and Stereoselective Reactions

Key words

quinolines

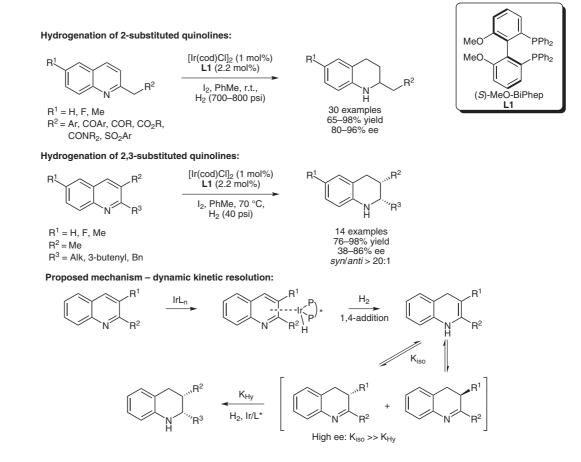
hydrogenation

iridium

D.-W. WANG, X.-B. WANG, D.-S. WANG, S.-M. LU, Y.-G. ZHOU,* Y.-X. LI* (DALIAN INSTITUTE OF CHEMICAL PHYSICS AND SHANGHAI INSTITUTE OF ORGANIC CHEMISTRY, P. R. OF CHINA) Highly Enantioselective Iridium-Catalyzed Hydrogenation of 2-Benzylquinolines and 2-Functionalized and 2,3-Disubstituted Quinolines

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Iridium-Catalyzed Hydrogenation of Quinolines



Significance: In the past decade asymmetric hydrogenation reactions of various heteroaromatic compounds including quinoxaline, pyridine, indole, pyrrole, and furan have been achieved. In 2003 the authors reported the use of [Ir(cod)CI]₂MeO-BiPhep/I₂ for enantioselective hydrogenations of quinoline derivatives (*J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2003**, *125*, 10536). In the current report the authors disclose a full account of the generality of this method with a variety of functionalized quinolines.

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Comment: The described catalyst system is quite general for 2-substituted quinolines containing a wide variety of benzylic, carbonyl, and sulfonyl functionalities. Furthermore, the authors propose the reaction to be occurring by initial 1,4-hydride addition to generate an enamine intermediate followed by isomerization and subsequent 1,2-addition. Based on this hypothesis 2,3-disubstitued quinolines could be efficiently hydrogenated through a dynamic kinetic resolution process.